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27 JUN 1968

ox to declarify info DNA-03614 promited on Deliphone to US Naval attache Canberra

SECRET

From:

Director, Naval Investigative Servicë

To:

Director, Central Intelligence Agency (DDP-CI)(Mr. LUDLUM)

Subj:

Declassification of information concerning President KENNEDY

assassination (U)

Ref:

(a) CIA Memorandum of 22 May 1964 for Mr. J. Lee RANKIN; Subj: Anonymous Telephone Calls to U.S. Embassy in Canberra, Australia, relative to planned assassination

of President KENNEDY (S)

1. (U) In response to your verbal inquiry, it has been ascertained that appropriate Naval Intelligence components have no objection to declassification of the information concerning the assassination of President KEMNEDY which was provided on the telephone to the U. S. Naval Attache CANBERRA, and discussed in reference (a).

> T. L. STEVENS Acting

Copy to: NAVINTCOM-321

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XAAZ- 36317

2 APR 1968

MEMORANDUM FOR: Director of Central Intelligence

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SUBJECT

: Australian Press Request Regarding: Anonymous Telephone Calls to United States Embassy in Canberra, Australia, Relative to Planned Assassination of President Kennedy (Warren Commission Document 971)

Background

Mr. Peter Michelmore, an Australian newspaper representative, has requested that we declassify CD971. This consists of a memorandum from you to Mr. Rankin dated 22 May 1964 and an attachment dated 29 November 1963. Both relate to "crank" calls received by the U.S. Naval Attache in Canberra on 15 October 1962 and 23 November 1963. CIA first was told about these calls on 24 November 1963 by the Department of the Navy - after the assassination of President Kennedy. A copy of CD971 is attached for your information.

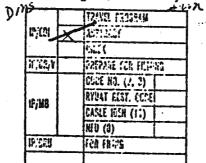
Recommendation

- 1. CD971 should not be released at this time. Mr. Goodwin says he can handle the reply by phone.
- 2. We will initiate preparatory steps toward releasing CD971. entails clearance with U.S. naval intelligence and the Australian security service (the latter as a matter of courtesy).

3. Upon completion of step 2, we will submit an appropriate rec-

ommendation. ide Red: XAAZ-17

Attachments



Raymond G. Rocca C/CI/R&A

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Executive Registry

68-1505//

THE SYDNEY MORNING HERALD
THE SYDNEY SUN • THE SUN-HEBALD
THE AUSTRALIAN FINANCIAL REVIEW
WOMAN'S DAY • PEOPLE • PIX
RADIO TELEVISION AND HOBBIES

March 26, 1968

Mr. Richard M. Helms, Director, Central Intelligence Agency, WASHINGTON, D. C. 20505

Dear Mr. Helms:

This letter is to request the declassification of Warren Commission Document 971, which apparently consists of a memo written by you and is now sealed in the National Archives.

According to an article by David Wise in the Saturday Evening Post of April 6, 1968, the description of CD 971 is:

"Anonymous telephone calls to U.S. Embassy in Canberra, Australia relative to planned assassination of President Kennedy."

This material would seem to be of interest to our Australian newspapers and, bearing in mind that this material will be made public at some time, I would like the opportunity to inspect it.

Yours sincerely,

PM/mh

Peter Michelmore Editor and Manager

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001: 4:26:34.

12:

DURLICATE 07"

XAAZ-17367

MEMORANDUM FOR: Mr. J. Lee Rankin

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SUPJECT:

Anonymous Telephons Calls to United States Embassy in Camberra, Australia, Relative to Planted Assessination of President Econoly

- 1. I refer again to paragraph two of your memorandum. dated 12 February 1964, relative to disseminations to the fecret Service made by CIA.
- 2. On 24 November 1963, GIA received from the Department of the Navy a copy of a cable from the Naval Attache in Camberra. Australia (IN 67327, Top Secret, later downgraded to Secret), reporting a telephone conversation the previous day with an anenymous individual who had described himself as a Polish chauficur for the Soviet Embassy in that city. This individual, whils discussing several mattern of intelligence interest, touched on the possibility that the Soviet Government had financed the assassination of President Rennedy. Reference was made in this cable to the receipt of a similar anonymous telephone call on 15 October 1962.
- 3. Upon receipt of this cable from Navy CLA took the following action:
 - a. Cabled to Canberra asking full details of the telephone conversation of 23 November and the call made on 15 October 1952. It should be noted that CIA had not previously known of the 1962 telephone call.

Since I

WARNING HOMES
SENSITIVE SOUTHER AND

b. The CIA Station in Canbarra, on 27 November, furnished all available information on the 1962 telephone call. It opposes that source on that occasion stated that "Iron Cortain Countries" planned to pay a hundred thousand deliars for the assessination of Precident Kennedy.

- c. Cn 27 November, the CIA Canberra fixtion also furnished complete detail on the anenymous telephone call of 23 November 1964.
- d. On 19 Movember, CIA disseminated this information, as supplied by its Canberra Station, to the White Scare. Department of State and Federal Bureau of Investigation, with a copy to the Secret Service. A copy of this dissemination in its exact text is attached to this memorandum.
- A. The CIA Station in Camberra arranged for electresion of the calls _______ In the opinion of the Australian authorities, the caller was a crank. In any event, they were not able to identify any Polish employee of the Seviet Embassy, the entemphie described by the caller as the one he drove, or the license plate number given by him. No further information on this call has been received. Available evidence would tend to show that the caller was some type of crank. This conclusion, however, cannot be confirmed.
- 5. Please note that the nature of the information in this memorandum and its attachment requires the use of a sensitivity indicator.

Richard Helms Deputy Director for Plans

Attachment

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WARNING NOTICE
SENSITIVE SOURCES AND
METHODS INVOLVED

CUT Teletype No. 35691, dated 29 Hovember 1963, Illed at 1117 hours, to the White House, Department of State and Federal Bureau of Investigation, with a copy to the Secret Service

- 1. Your attention is called to a series of enonymous telephone calls made to the office of the U.S. Naval Attache in Canherra, Australia, by a man claiming to have had knowledge about a Soviet plot to ascausinate the lete I resident Kennedy. Our first record of this matter is a Naval Attache cable from Canherra sent on 24 November 1763.
- 2. It appears that the caller, who professes to be the Polish chauseur of a Soviet Embassy car in Canberra, first phoned in ever a year ago, on 15 October 1962 repeat 1962. At that time he told a story about five Soviet submarines carrying 400 to 500 Soviet soldiers on their way to Cuba. One purpose of this troop movement, he said, was to support the Governor of Mississippi. He saided that there was a plot to pay one hundred thousand dollars to kill President Memody. Echind the plot, he said, were the "Iron Curtain Countries," and "Communist men in England, Henry Meng and probably some other countries."
- 3. On 23 November 1763 repeat 1963, the day after the assausination of President Remndy and over a year after the first telephone call, a man believed to be the same person phoned the Embusty again and spoke to the assistant Neval Attache. The caller referred to his call a year back and stated he had said that the USSR had put up 100,000 dellars for the assausination of President Kennedy.
- 4. Giving what he claimed were further details about the assessination, the caller said that about two weeks before (which would have been in early November 1961) he was present when an Australian mean. 35 to 46 years old, and tall, was dispatched by the Soviets to the United States carrying a case about 15 to 40 continuaters long. 56 continuaters high, and 8.5 continuaters wide. The name Vasyl Two was used in some connection with this man. He was put on a plane in Sydney and while the coller drove the two Soviet eacests back to Camberra, their chortwave radio in the carwar reling constantly. A shortwave radio was going in the Embassy

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METHODS INVOLVED

also when they arrived there. Over the radios, one of these Sovieta transmitted numbers and "points." In a mained in the Embassy, and that morning (apparently 23 November 1967), a message came through and toasts were drank in Russian Youth and the Russians present said. "We have achieved what we want."

- 5. The caller than gave "information" about the Soviet role in sinking a U.S. Mary nuclear submarine and on Soviet subversion in Indenssia. He would not identify himself, and when he described the car be drives (as a mary bine 1952 Duick, Honse plate New South Wales CCC 6122) he added they often change pistes, have fifty sets in reserve, and can change them in five seconds.
- 6. The caller added come vague information about a woman employee of the American Embacry he things works for the Soviets. The conversation concluded with the caller promising to write a letter to the Naval Attache at the American Embacry.
- 7. The caller spoke good English and his accent and voice did not change throughout the conversation, so it was assumed that he was not disguished his voice.
- 6. Australian authorities working on this case consider the caller to be a crank. They state that Loviet offices in Australia do not use anything but Soviet chaptisure; they have no record of their using a Polish chaptisure. They are continuing their investigation.

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NON-CIA TELETYPED MESSAGE

24 Nov 63 IN 67327

NNNNVV.

PP ESC"

DE ESN .

T. CIA ZFHX

P 240415% ZDG

FM ALUSNA CANBERRA

TO RUZCW/DNI.

A & 5100 CT 08057

TOP SECRET

PASS ALSO-TO CIA-

POSSIBLE SOVIET INFORMER

12 ASST ALUSNA RECEIVED TELEPHONE CALL 23 NOV FROM PERSON CLAIMING TO BE POLISH DRIVER OF RUSSIAN VEHICLE. MOST OF CONVERSATION RECORDED BY ALUSNA. INFO TOUCHED ON SEVERAL AREAS INCLUDING: POSSIBLE CONNECTION SOVIET GOVT SUPPLYING MONEY TO INDIVIDUAL IN U.S. TO ASSASSINATE PRESIDENT; POSSIBLE SOVIET IMPLICATION IN U.S.S. THRESHER INCIDENT: SYSTEM OF USER EMBASSY PERSONNEL MEETING MIGRANTS TO PAGE 2 RUECCR OO2A TO P SECRET AUSTRALIA. PROVIDING TA SE PASSPORTS AND SENDING THEM TO OTHER COUNTRIES; RUSSIAN MILITARY ASSISTANCE TO CUBA AND IMPONESIA: RUSSIAN CONTACT WITH COOPERATIVE IN INDO EMBASSY, CANBERRA: EMPLOYEE IN AMEMB CANBERR

CLASSIFIED MESSAGE TOP SECRET IN EZE Z. PAGE ZET	
INFO TO SOVIET EMB; SENDING OF AGENTS FROM AUST TO U.S.	
PERSON' GAVE CONSIDERABLE DETAIL ON MODUS OPERANDI OF TWO	
SOVIET AGENTS IN SYDNEY.	
2. PERSON HAS AGREED TO MEETING WITH ASST ALUSNA IN SYDNEY	
IN NEAR FUTURE: HAS ASKED FOR ASSURANCE HE WILL BE PROTECTED	
IF HE COOPERATES. TOLD THAT THIS COULD BE DISCUSSED AT FIRST	
MEETING.	
3. AMBASSADOR, INFORMED. CONDUCTING	
SURVEILLANCE FOR WELL DESCRIBED CAR AND DRIVER WHO CLAIMS	
TO BE IN CANBERRA NOW; KEEPING SOVIET EMBASSY UNDER SURVEILLANCE	•
HAS ARRANGED TO MAKE IMMEDIATE SURVEILLANCE	
OF ORIGINATOR AND/OR PLACE FROM WHICH CALL MADE. PLAN TO	
COVER MEETING OF ASST ALUSNA IN SYDNEY IF IT-EVENTUATES.	
4.	
. 5. ON 15 OCTOBER 1962 A SIMILAR CALL WAS RECEIVED AT EMB	
PAGE 3 RUECCR TOP SECRET	
POSSIBLY FROM SAME PERSON. IN THAT CALL REFERENCE MADE TO	
PLOT WITH REWARD 100,000 DOLLARS TO KILL PRESIDENT KENNEDY.	
CALLER ALSO STATED USSR SUBS ON WAY TO CUBA WITH TROOPS	
WHOSE SECOND OBJECTIVE TO GUARANTEE SUPPORT TO GOVERNOR	
OF MISSISSIPPI. SUBSTANCE OF CALL PASSED TO AT THAT	
TIME BUT NO FURTHER INFO DEVELOPED.	
6. WHILE SOME ASPECTS INDICATE INDIVIDUAL A CRANK OTHERS	
SEEM MORE AUTHENTIC: ALL PARTIES; INCLUDING AMBASSADOR;	
FEEL MATTER SHOULD BE INVESTIGATED UNTIL ADDITIONAL FACTS	
* TOP SECRET	